

Name: _____

1) Fill in the blanks in these sequences:

(a) 3, 7, 11, 15, 19...

(b) 17, 10, 3, -4, -11...

(c) 3, 6, 12, 24, 48, 96...

(d) 108, 36, 12, 4, $\frac{4}{3}$...

(8 Marks)

2) In the Great Hall there are 12 rows of 16 chairs. How many chairs is that in total?

$$\begin{array}{r} 16 \\ \times 12 \\ \hline 32 \\ 160 \\ \hline 192 \end{array}$$

Answer: 192.....

(2 Marks)

3) In the Old Gym there are 153 chairs arranged in rows of 9. How many chairs are there in each row?

$$9 \overline{) 153} \begin{array}{r} 17 \\ \underline{9} \\ 63 \\ \underline{63} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

Answer: 17.....

(2 Marks)

4) Fill in the blanks in this table, simplifying the fractions as far as possible:

Decimal	Fraction	Percentage
0.2	$\frac{2}{10} = \frac{1}{5}$	20%
<u>0.4</u>	$\frac{2}{5}$	40%
<u>0.07</u>	$\frac{7}{100}$	7%
0.15	$\frac{15}{100} = \frac{3}{20}$	15%

(8 Marks)

5) Solve these fraction problems, simplifying your answers as far as possible:

$$(a) \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{2}{6} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{3}{6} = \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$(b) \frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{7} = \frac{21}{35} - \frac{5}{35} = \underline{\underline{\frac{16}{35}}}$$

$$(c) 2\frac{1}{4} + 3\frac{2}{5} = \frac{9}{4} + \frac{17}{5} = \frac{45}{20} + \frac{68}{20} = \frac{113}{20} = \underline{\underline{5\frac{13}{20}}}$$

or $2+3=5$ $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{2}{5} = \frac{5}{20} + \frac{8}{20} = \frac{13}{20}$

$\underline{\underline{5\frac{13}{20}}}$

$$(d) 4\frac{2}{5} - 1\frac{5}{6} = \frac{22}{5} - \frac{11}{6} = \frac{132}{30} - \frac{55}{30} = \frac{77}{30} = \underline{\underline{2\frac{17}{30}}}$$

(10 Marks)

6) In a Maths test out of 60, Dave scored 60%. How many marks did he score?

$$10\% = 6 \text{ marks.}$$
$$60\% = 6 \times 6 = 36$$

Answer.....36.....

(2 Marks)

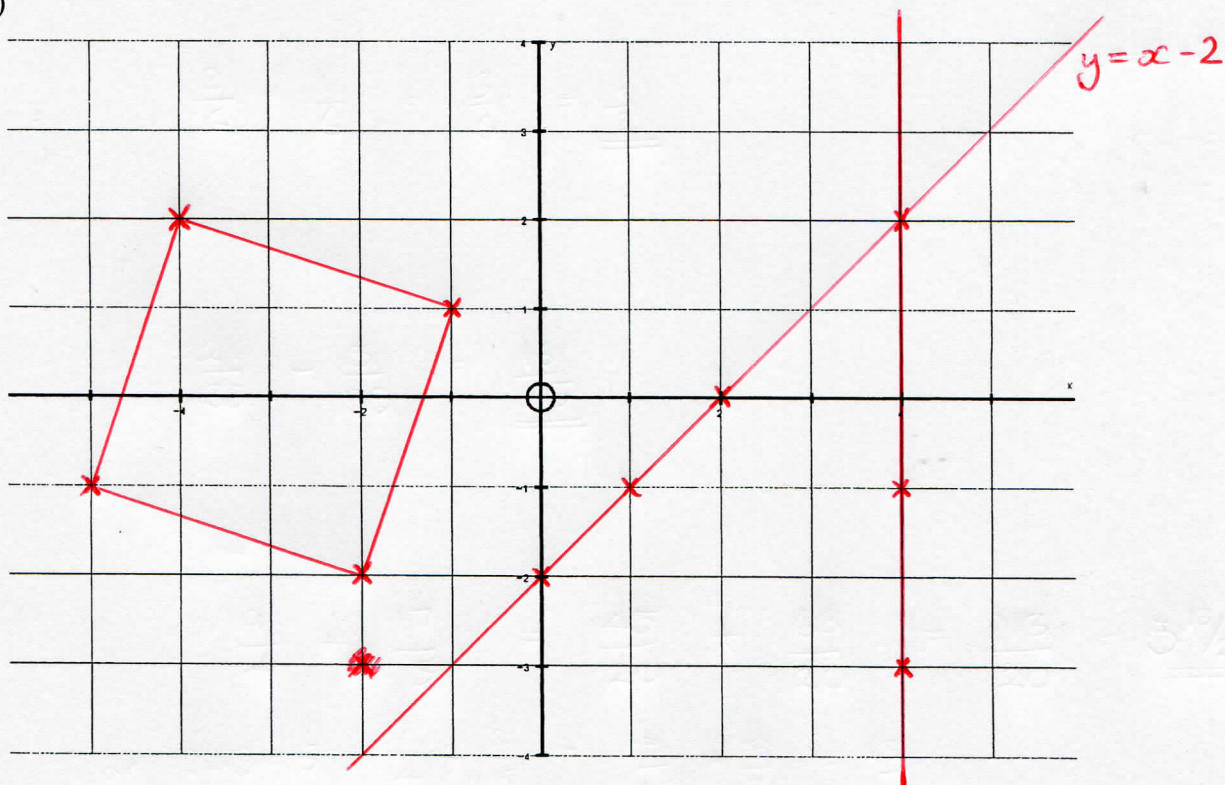
7) In a French test he scored 28 out of 40. What is this as a percentage?

$$\frac{28}{40} \times 100 = 70\%$$

Answer:.....70%.....

(2 Marks)

8)



(a) On the axes above plot the points $(-1, 1)$, $(-4, 2)$, $(-5, -1)$ and $(-2, -2)$

(b) If you join these points what shape do you get? *Square*

(c) Fill in the gaps in this table and use it to draw the line $y = x - 2$

x	0	1	2
y	-2	<i>-1</i>	<i>0</i>

(d) Plot the points $(4, -3)$, $(4, -1)$ and $(4, 2)$ and join them with a straight line.

(e) What is the equation of this line? *x = 4*

(6 Marks)

9) Fill in the blanks so these sums are correct:

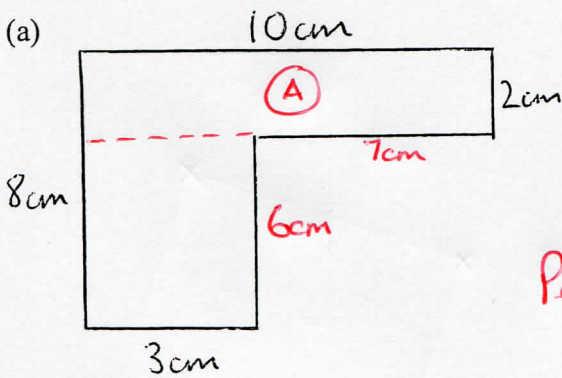
(a) $(-3) + \dots \dots \dots 7 \dots = 4$

(b) $(-3) \times \dots \dots \dots -4 \dots = 12$

(c) $(-14) \div \dots \dots \dots 7 \dots = -2$

(3 Marks)

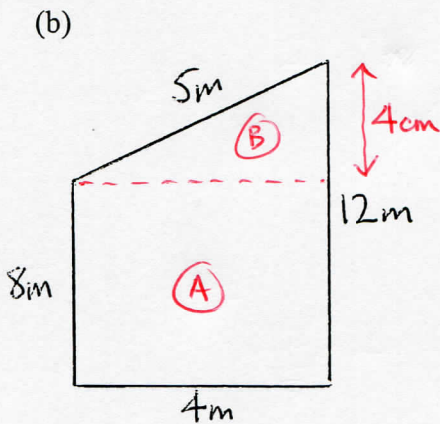
10) Find the Area and Perimeter of the following shapes:



$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area (A)} &= 10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ cm}^2 \\ \text{Area (B)} &= 6 \times 3 = 18 \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= \underline{38 \text{ cm}^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Perimeter} &= 10 + 2 + 7 + 6 + 3 + 8 \\ &= 36 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

Area = 38 cm^2 Perimeter = 36 cm (4)

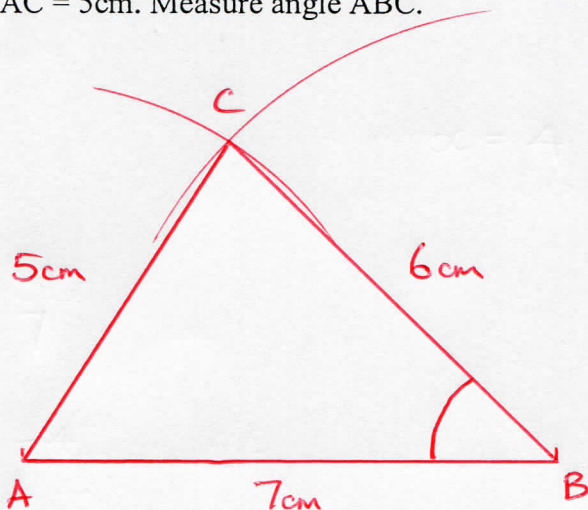


$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area (A)} &= 8 \times 4 = 32 \text{ cm}^2 \\ \text{(B)} &= \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 4 = 8 \text{ cm}^2 \\ &= \underline{40 \text{ cm}^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Perimeter} &= 5 + 4 + 4 + 8 \\ &= 29 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

Area = 40 cm^2 Perimeter = 29 cm (4)

11) In the space below, accurately construct triangle ABC with sides AB = 7cm, BC = 6cm and AC = 5cm. Measure angle ABC.



Angle ABC = 44° (3)
(accept $42^\circ - 46^\circ$)

12) Fill in the blanks in this multiplication square:

x	0.1	3	0.5
2	0.2	6	1
0.4	0.04	1.2	0.2
0.06	0.006	0.18	0.03

(9 Marks)

13) Solve these equations:

(a) $x - 6 = 4$

$x = 10$

(b) $3x = 21$

$x = 7$

(c) $2x + 11 = 5$

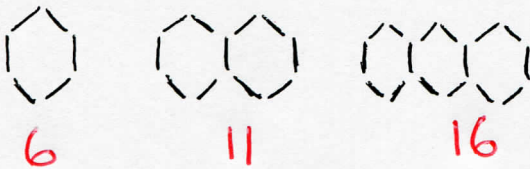
$2x = -6$ $x = -3$

(d) $3 + \frac{1}{2}x = 4$

$\frac{1}{2}x = 1$ $x = 2$

(6 Marks)

14) (a) Draw the next shape in this sequence of hexagons made from matches:



(b) Write below each shape how many matches make up each shape.

(c) How many matches would be in the 10th shape?..... **51**.....

(d) Can you find a formula for how many matches there are when there are n hexagons?

Matches = **$5n + 1$** (4 Marks)

15) (a) Anne and Brian share 24 sweets in the ratio 3:5. How many sweets does Brian get?

$$3 + 5 = 8 \quad 24 \div 8 = 3$$

$$5 \times 3 = 15$$

Answer: **15**

(b) Anne, Brian and Charles share 35 sweets in the ratio 1:2:4. How many sweets does Brian get this time?

$$1 + 2 + 4 = 7 \quad 35 \div 7 = 5$$

$$2 \times 5 = 10$$

Answer: **10**

(c) Out of a pile of 96 sweets, Anne received 32, Charles received 40 and Brian received the rest. Write the ratio of Anne:Brian:Charles' sweets in its simplest form.

$$32 : (24) : 40 \quad (\div 8)$$

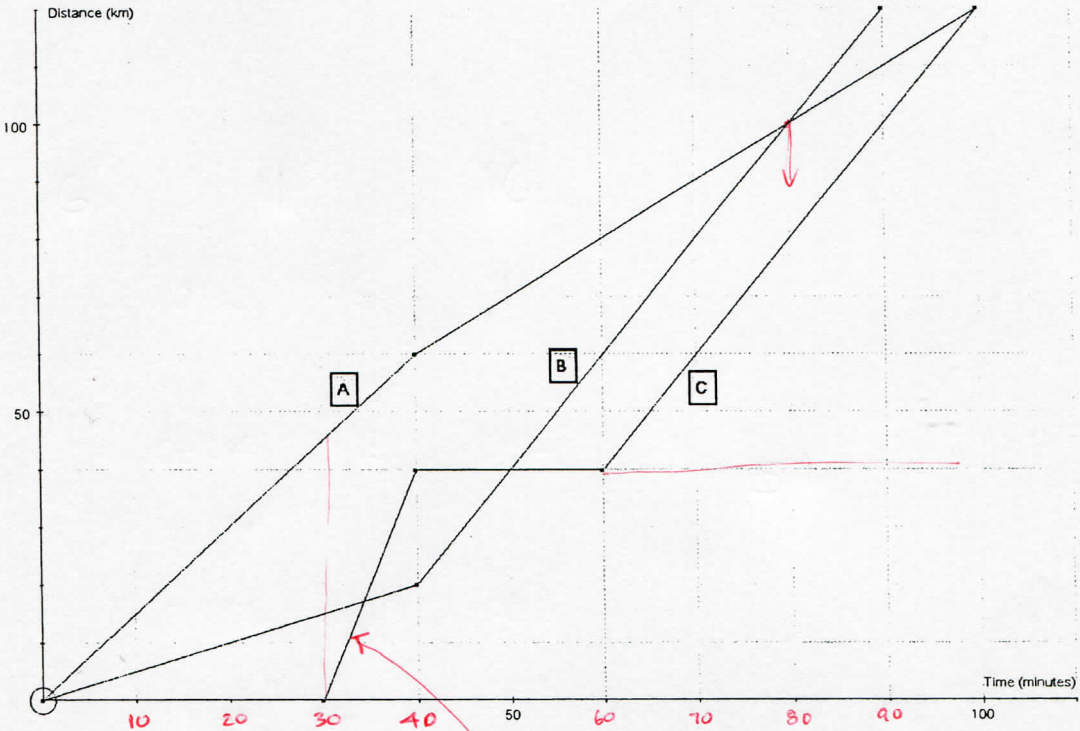
$$\underline{4 : 3 : 5}$$

$$90 - 32 - 40 = 24$$

Answer:

(6 Marks)

16)



This distance-time graph shows the journeys of three cars A, B and C during a race of length 120km.

(a) What was the order of the cars (first, second, third) after 40 minutes?

Answer: **A, C, B**

(b) At what time did B overtake A?

Answer: **80 mins**

(c) At what speed (in km per minute) did C finish the race?

Answer: **1.5 km per minute** $\frac{60}{40}$

(d) Which car achieved the fastest speed during the race?

Answer: **C** **fastest when it is steepest.**

(e) How far had A travelled when C started?

Answer: **45 km**

(f) Who won?

Answer: **B**

(6 Marks)

17) Fill in the blanks to make these statements correct:

(a) $3.2\text{m} = \dots\dots\dots 320 \dots\dots\dots \text{cm}$

(b) $40000\text{m} = \dots\dots\dots 40 \dots\dots\dots \text{km}$

(c) $2.05 \text{ litres} = \dots\dots\dots 2050 \dots\dots\dots \text{ml}$

(d) $234\text{mm} = \dots\dots\dots 0.234 \dots\dots\dots \text{m}$

(4 Marks)

18) (a) Write down all the factors of 36

$\dots\dots\dots 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 12, 18, 36 \dots\dots\dots$

(b) What is the HCF of 36 and 48?

Factors of 48

$1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 24, 48$

Answer: $\dots\dots\dots 12 \dots\dots\dots$

(c) What is the LCM of 36 and 48?

$36, 72, 108, 144, 180, 216$
 $48, 96, 144, 192,$

Answer: $\dots\dots\dots 144 \dots\dots\dots$

(d) Which number less than 100 has the most factors?

Answer: $\dots\dots\dots 840 \dots\dots\dots$

(6 Marks)

(which has 32 factors!)

$1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, 14, 15, 20, 21, 24, 28, 30, 35, 40, 42$
 $56, 60, 70, 84, 105, 120, 140, 168, 210, 280, 420, 840$

19) A bag contains 4 red balls and 5 blue balls.

(a) What is the probability of pulling out a red ball?

$\frac{4}{9}$

(b) What is the probability of pulling out a yellow ball?

0

(c) How many red balls do I need to add to the bag so that the probability of pulling out a blue ball becomes $\frac{1}{3}$?

6

(d) Sam says, "If I take out 3 balls, one of them is bound to be blue, because there are more blues than reds". Explain what is wrong with this statement

.....
.....
.....
Could pick 3 reds in a row.

(e) If I take out all 9 balls and line them up in a row, which is more likely: the first four are red or the first four are blue?

.....
First four are blue.

(5 Marks)